AARINENA Global Post-harvest Initiative: Linking Farmers to Markets

Meeting of the ad hoc Working Group for the development of a Global Partnership Programme

> Al Ain – UAE 22-23 February 2006

Outline

- Origins of the Linking Farmers to Markets idea
- Potential common areas of interregional interest
- What is a Global Partnership Programme (GPP)?
- Proposed process for formulating a Global Partnership Programme

Origins 1

- Continuing high levels of poverty and hunger in developing countries – we are not meeting the MDG targets
- Rapidly changing environment especially agricultural markets
- Need for improving the effectiveness of research and development interventions – food production <u>and</u> income generation for rural communities

Origins 2

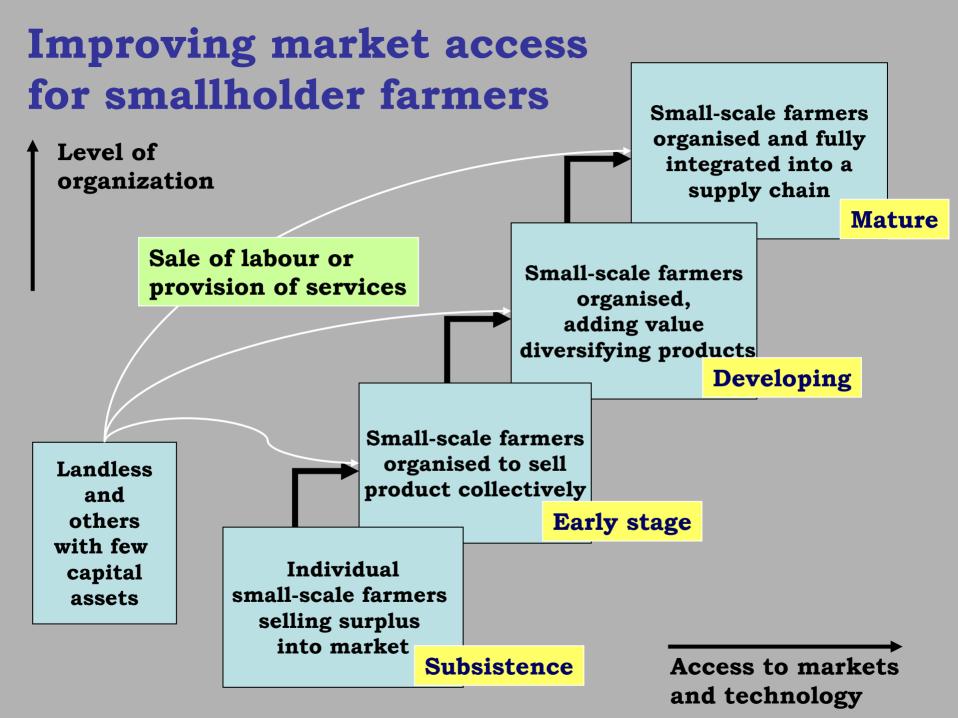
- GFAR Conference Dresden, 2000
- Regional priority setting, 2000-2001
- Regional post-harvest consultations e.g. Cairo 2002
- Global strategic framework Rome 2003
- Identification of potential areas of common interest for inter-regional collaboration – 2004-2005
- Enquiry with potential donors about their areas of interest 2005

Project ideas developed into concept notes in AARINENA

- Market orientation for AARINENA networks and members
- Innovative and effective marketoriented and demand-driven extension services
- Organic production and markets for olive, cotton, dates and medicinal and herbal plants

Potential common areas of inter-regional interest

- Transition of smallholder farmers from subsistence to a greater level of commercially oriented production
- Commodity differentiation and diversification targeted at higher value markets



Tentative donor interest

- DFID CSOs and farmer empowerment to engage in markets
- IFAD partnerships among supply chain actors and among service providers
- CIDA linking farmers with the private sector
- Italy small and medium rural enterprises
- Rockefeller competitive grants for linking farmers to markets (Africa)

What is a GFAR Global Partnership Programme?

"Global Programmes are collaborative efforts carried out by a set of stakeholders within a shared framework for action, aimed at achieving jointly defined objectives related to a strategic topic in which there is clear added value to collaborate at a global level"

> GFAR/GPP/WS/01/13a 4 October 2001

Why GPPs?

- Complexity of the challenges that we face in achieving multiple objectives of agricultural research for development
- The need for systems perspectives to problem solving
- The recognition that no one institution or organization has all the skills or capacity to achieve the impact required
- GPPs are a GFAR strategy for promoting and learning about research partnerships among different stakeholders

Required characteristics of GPPs

- Address strategic issues critical to the mission of GFAR
- Build on-going activities at different levels (subsidiarity)
- Promote the 'open nucleus' principle of partnership
- Gather a critical mass of researchers and other appropriate partners
- Develop action-oriented R&D networks among actors or stakeholders

Guiding principles for managing GPP

- 1 to 3 stakeholders must lead in organizing and managing a GPP
- Organization must be flexible to allow new partners to enter
- A Steering Committee should be nominated
- Small, lean Secretariat/Facilitating Unit with the following functions
 - Information and communication
 - Monitoring of activities
 - Valorization and wide dissemination of results
 - Public awareness and donor mobilization

Roles at different levels

- Global and regional level governance, advocacy, oversight, communication and technical support
- National and local level action research in pilot sites, learning and exchange, capacity building

Some suggested principles

- Build on on-going projects and programmes
- Clearly identified with on-the-ground activities
- Start small and grow
- Pay attention to governance to build ownership and commitment
- Make monitoring and evaluation explicit
- Scaling-up and exit strategies well defined

Proposed process: from planning to action

Establishment of ad hoc working groups

Further exploration with donors

Identification of international support team members

AARINENA Assembly

Project formulation workshop September 2006 GFAR 2006 New Delhi

Submission to
Program and
Steering Committees
of GFAR
December 2006

Establishment of governance mechanism and initial activities

Functions of the ad hoc working group

- Identify and analyze experiences and expertise available and needed to address the GPP theme
- Identify and establish contact with an initial set of partner organizations
- Identify representatives (2) to ensure experiences and needs are expressed in the inter-regional workshop

What we need to achieve in this meeting?

- Revisit the three concept notes
- Identify elements of the proposals that could form the basis of an inter-regional proposal
- Identify candidate on-going R&D interventions on which to build and potential partner institutions
- Determine regional supply of and demand for experience and expertise
- Nominate a regional liaison institution
- Develop a plan of activities and responsibilities

Possible AARINENA entry points

- Olive-based systems
- Date palm-based systems
- Medicinal and herbal plants (+ fruit and vegetables?)

- Organic markets
- Effective extension
- Market-oriented researchers and networks

Target beneficiaries?